CS301 Industrial Training

Module Code: CS301
Module Title: Industrial Training
Level: 3
Credit points: 1
Module Leader: Prof. Ali El-Bastawissy
Pre-requisite: CS102x

Aims
Each student is required to spend a minimum of six weeks of supervised industrial placement in Egypt or abroad, to apply knowledge acquired in his/her course of study and learn practical work experience.

Learning outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
• Apply knowledge acquired in the first three years of the student’s programme in practical environment. (1)
• Demonstrate an enhanced awareness of industrial and commercial practice and the requirements of a professional workplace. (2)
• Gain knowledge from working with practitioners, and learn practical work experience. (3)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
• Work with people at all levels of the profession. (4)
• Gain practical working skills such as teamwork, conforming to corporate disciplines and work practices, in addition to time management. (5)
• Practice the professional and ethical aspects of information technology. (6)
• Develop one’s personality from interaction with real business environment and enhance communication skills. (7)

Syllabus
• A programme of supervised training is provided by a company, approved by the University and with monitoring by academic staff of the University. The training should cover at least:
  • Two stages of the software lifecycle.
  • Hardware design and implementation.
  • Any specific technical skills not previously acquired by the student and are required for successful execution of the student’s placement duties.
  • Professional skills such as system or network administration, hardware or software maintenance, etc.

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy
A minimum of 6 weeks of work in an approved training situation
At least one and normally two visits to the training establishment by an academic supervisor
Regular contact, and support as appropriate, through electronic communication.
**Assessment**
The student is required to produce satisfactory report on the work carried out during the placement, and to receive a letter from the placement company attesting to his/her professional conduct. The course is graded on a Pass/Fail basis. A letter from the placement company confirming attendance and a satisfactory report will earn the student a pass grade.

**Learning materials**
Software Requirements
As recommended by the placement company.

Useful Websites
As recommended by the placement company.

Reference Text
As recommended by the placement company.
# CS313 Data Storage and Retrieval

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<tr>
<th>Module Code:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Module Title:</td>
<td>Data Storage and Retrieval</td>
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<tr>
<td>Level:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Module Leader:</td>
<td>Prof. Ali El-Bastawissy</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pre-requisite:</td>
<td>CS215</td>
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## Aims
For students to gain an understanding of data structures, index design and retrieval issues, to be able to identify fundamental design trade-offs and to apply their acquired knowledge to real world situations, and to properly understand and handle existing implementations of data repositories (e.g. files, Database, and Big Data) structures, indices and queries.

## Learning outcomes
### Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
- Understand issues related to data storage and retrieval for search engines (1)
- Understand efficient techniques to store structured and unstructured data (2)
- Understand indexing structures, methods and techniques (3)
- Understand the different types of queries and how to evaluate and rank data retrieved from queries (4)

### Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Be able to integrate a search engine to an information system (5)
- Be able to critique the use of different storage/index/retrieval structures in applications (6)
- Design compatible storage/retrieval application systems according to specific query types using (C++, JAVA, C#, or another language) (7)

## Syllabus
- Indexing on disk and B-Trees
- XML
- Hashing
- Information Retrieval Principles
- Crawling
- Text Processing
- Text Indexing
- Search Engine Optimization

## Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy
Weekly lectures (3 hours per week) to introduce the basic ideas of the course subjects
Weekly tutorials (1.5 hours per week) to discuss the solution of the homework assignments
Weekly computer laboratory (1.5 hours per week) to use a commercial data warehousing tool to solve practical case studies (Microsoft SQL server Analysis Services will be used to develop OLAP cubes and Microsoft Excel for OLAP reporting, …)
Project: students will work in teams to pursue further studies and hands on data warehousing, large data analysis, business intelligence, and data mining. Each team will prepare the project on a subject approved by the instructor.

**Assessment**

- Unseen Examination: two exams Composed of few questions and a case study to assess the (L.O. 1 to 6).
- In Class Assessment: class discussion for formative assessment and several case studies to train the students on outcomes 2,3,4,6,7
- Lab Project Assessment: to assess (L.O. 5 to 7)

**Assessment Weighting**

- Unseen Examination 60%
- Case Studies and assignments 20%
- Lab Project Assessment 20%

**Learning materials**

**Reference Text:**
- Search Engines Information Retrieval in Practice. Bruce Croft, Donald Metzler and Trevor Strohman, last edition
- File Structures. Michael J. Folk, Bill Zoelllick and Greg Riccardi, last edition

**Supplementary Readings:**
W3schools.com
CS314 Object-Oriented Software Engineering

Module Code: CS314
Module Title: Object-Oriented Software Engineering
Level: 3
Credit Points: 3
Module Leader: Dr. Emad Nabil
Prerequisites: CS214

Aims
This module is designed to introduce the students to the activities involved in a software development project. The module follows an object-oriented approach, compatible with leading programming languages such as Java. Students will be introduced to the concepts and the techniques of the Unified Modelling Language (UML). Advanced modelling concepts and techniques will be used to build complex models. The module project will help the students learn how to work as a team for developing properly designed and documented software systems.

Learning Outcomes

Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
- Illustrate the fundamental concepts of object-oriented analysis and design approach (1)
- Demonstrate basic Unified Modelling Language (UML) Notation (2)
- Critically appraise models for object-oriented system development (3)
- Identify system development design patterns (4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Apply the appropriate software analysis and design methodologies to the process of developing large software systems (5)
- Develop formal specifications from informal requirements of software systems (6)
- Design and produce working models of software programmes using UML (7)
- Use CASE tools: to implement the phases of a development methodology, to test design completeness and correctness, and to produce all required documentation (8)

Syllabus
- Introduction to Software Engineering
- Introduction to Unified Modelling Language (UML) Notation
- Object Oriented Systems Analysis and Design based on
  - Use-case modelling (actors, use cases, use case diagram)
  - Domain modelling (class, relationship, inheritance, generalization)
  - Activity modelling (activity diagram)
  - Behavior modelling (sequence / collaboration diagram)
  - State change modelling (state chart diagram)
- Software development life cycle
- Introduction to Design Patterns for System Development
- Software Testing
Learning Teaching and Assessment Strategies

Weekly lectures to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects
Weekly tutorials: the students are presented with an actual case and are required to apply the course concepts and methods to implement the learned phases of a system design methodology. The instructor will usually play the role of the customer.
Weekly computer laboratory to use automated tools to implement the phases of the system methodology developed in the assignments.
Team Project: The student will work as a member of project team to apply a complete system development methodology for the case study.
Class presentations as part of the implementation of the team project the student will prepare project documentation, prepare and present a slide presentation on the project and give a live demonstration of its operation.

Assessment

Unseen examinations: 3 hours in final and 1.5 hours in Midterm.
Class Exams: are one exam before Midterm and one before Final exam. The unseen examinations and class exams questions are (to assess LOs 1 to 6).
Assignments and team project (to assess LOs 5 to 8): The students are expected to do incremental practical assignments within a team project in which they apply the methodology learnt to a case study to assess the skill outcomes mentioned above using the chosen CASE tool. The practical work focuses on the application of system development methodology, not programming or application development. The project should be professionally documented and presented.

Assessment Weighting
• Unseen Examinations 60%
• Coursework 40%

Learning Material
Software Requirements
• CASE tool such as Enterprise Architect or Rational Rose.

Useful Websites and books
• http://www.ipd.uka.de/~tichy/patterns/overview.html
• http://wwwbruegge.in.tum.de/OOSE/
• http://www.slideshare.net/SE9/
Reference Text
CS316 Artificial Intelligence

Module Code: CS316
Module Title: Artificial Intelligence
Level: 3
Credit points: 3
Module Leader: Tarek Makladi
Pre-requisite: CS102x

Aims
Introduction to Artificial Intelligence is a three-credit undergraduate course emphasizing the building of agents, environments, and systems that can be considered as acting intelligently. In particular, you will learn about the methods and tools that will allow you to build complete systems that can interact intelligently with their environment by learning and reasoning about the world.

Learning outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- Demonstrate the key components of the artificial intelligence (AI) field.(1)
- Demonstrate the key aspects of intelligent agents.(2)
- Demonstrate the key aspects of constrain satisfaction.(3)
- Demonstrate the key aspects First Order Logic FOL (4)
- Demonstrate and list the key aspects of planning(5)
- Demonstrate the key aspects of Natural Language (6)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:

- Solve problems by applying a suitable search method(7)
- Apply mini max search and alpha-beta pruning in game playing.(8)
- Ability to analyze problem specifications and derive appropriate solution techniques for them.(9)

Syllabus
- Agents and environments Ch 1-2
- Search Ch 3-4
- Game playing Ch 5
- Constraint satisfaction Ch 6
- Logical agents, FOL Ch 7
- First order logic Ch 8
- First order inference Ch 9
- Reasoning with uncertainty Ch 13-14
- Planning Ch 10
- Decision making Ch 16 – 17
Learning Ch 18- 21  
Natural language Ch 22

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy

**Weekly lectures** will be used to formally introduce the topics of the syllabus and to achieve the learning outcomes but their full understanding is derived from explanation in the lectures combined with recommended readings.

**Weekly laboratory sessions** will be used to apply the processor design concepts learned in the lectures in order to gain the skills stated in the learning outcomes. Hardware-design software packages are to design, simulate and test the basic internal modules of a generic processor.

**Assessment:**

*Unseen examinations*: The exams will be divided between testing the student knowledge outcomes. (L.O.2, 3, 6, 8, 9)

*Lab work*: Lab work will be assessed on the student’s ability to use software, design, build and debug the built systems and meet the deadlines. (L.O. 5, 7, 8, 9)

*Weekly assignments* are exercises on the topics introduced in the lectures and the students will be asked to hand in their solutions. (L.O.1, 3, 5, 7)

**Assessment Weighting**

- **Unseen examinations**:  
  - Final Exam 40%  
  - Mid Term Exam 20%

- **Coursework**:  
  - Lab work 15%  
  - Assignments 05%  
  - Quizzes 10%  
  - Final Project 10%

**Learning materials**

**Essential**

**Recommended Readings**
CS334 Programming Concepts and Compiler Design

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<td>Programming Concepts and Compiler Design</td>
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<td>Module Leader:</td>
<td>Dr. Soha Safwat</td>
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<td>Pre-requisite:</td>
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**Aims**
This module is a comparative study of abstraction, syntax, semantics, binding times, data and sequence control, run-time resources, translators, and storage of programming languages. Also, it provides the detailed theories, principles and practices of the design of compilers. Students implement a programming project using selected programming languages, to enhance practical aspects.

**Learning outcomes**

**Knowledge**
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
- Illustrate the basic components of a programming language. (1)
- Categorize different programming languages considering abstraction, syntax, semantics, binding times, data and sequence control, run-time resources, translators and storage. (2)
- Demonstrate the internals of the process of compilation. (3)
- Explain in detail the structure and components of compilers and implementation of compiler functions. (4)
- Demonstrate and professionally apply techniques of code generation. (5)
- Critically appraise the operation and performance of a compiler. (6)

**Skills**
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Differentiate between different programming languages. (7)
- Select the appropriate programming language for a given programming problem. (8)
- Learn any programming language faster and easier. (9)
- Use different programming languages to solve a programming problem. (10)

**Syllabus**
- Preliminaries
  - Evolution of the Major Programming Languages
  - Describing Syntax and Semantics
- Names.
- Bindings.
- Type Checking and Scopes
- Data types Expressions and the Assignment Statement.
- Statement-Level Control Structures and implementing sub programmes.
- Steps of compiler Design
  - Lexical Analyzer.
  - Top-Down Parsing.
  - Semantic Analysis.
  - Code Generation.
Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy
Weekly lectures to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects
Weekly tutorials to discuss the solution of the weekly homework assignments
Team Projects: The student will work as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to real world problems
Class presentations as part of the implementation of the team project the student will be asked to make a presentation of his work.

Assessment
• Unseen examinations: All exam questions are divided equally between assessing the student understanding of the concepts introduced, as outlined in the knowledge outcomes and his problem solving abilities, as outlined in the skills outcomes. (L.O. 1 to 10)
• Lab work: The students are expected to use a suitable programming language to apply the concepts learned in the course. They are also expected to do a group project of a sizable programming task to assess their practical skills. (L.O. 2,4,5,6)

Assessment Weighting
• Unseen Examinations 60%
• In class assessment 20%
• Lab Projects 20%

Learning materials
Essential

Recommended
• Compiler Design by Reinhard Wilhelm and Dieter Maurer, Addison-Wesley, 1995.
Aims
The main objective of this module is to introduce important concepts of modern operating systems including processes, concurrent processes, inter-process communication, synchronization, process scheduling and deadlocks, memory management, swapping, paging, segmentation and virtual memory. Also file systems and its implementation besides the input-output systems and mass storage structure.

Learning outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
• Demonstrate the structure and functions of an operating system. (1)
• Illustrate the methods of process management, CPU scheduling and process synchronization. (2)
• Characterize what is deadlock and how they are handled. (3)
• Describe memory organization and explain memory management techniques. (4)
• Compare between different operating systems. (5)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
• Expertly use any operating system environment. (6)
• Create any operating system component. (7)
• Solve some of the common operating systems problems such as: deadlock, synchronization…etc. (8)

Syllabus
• Operating-System Structures.
• Process Management.
• CPU Scheduling.
• Process Synchronization.
• Deadlocks.
• Memory Management.
• Virtual Memory.

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy
Weekly lectures: to introduce the theoretical concepts of the course subjects.
Weekly tutorials: to discuss the solution of the weekly homework assignments.
Weekly computer laboratory to develop programmes implementing some operating systems functions.
Team Projects: The student works as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to build one or more functions of a real operating system. Class presentations: the student is assigned a specific subject to investigate in depth and make a presentation on it in class.

**Assessment**

- Unseen examinations: exam questions are divided equally between assessing the student understanding of the concepts outlined in the knowledge outcomes and their problem solving abilities in that subject as outlined in the skills outcomes.
- Lab work: The students are expected to use a suitable programming language to apply the concepts learned in the course. They are also expected to do a group project of sizable programming task to assess their practical skills.

Assessment Weights

- In class assessment: 20% (L.O. 1,2)
- Lab Projects: 20% (L.O. 6,7)
- Unseen Examinations: 60% (L.O. 3,4,5,8)

**Learning materials**

**Essential**

**Recommended**
CS364 Cloud Computing

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<td>Cloud Computing</td>
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<td>Level:</td>
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<td>Credit points:</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Module Leader:</td>
<td>Dr. Soha Safwat</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pre-requisite:</td>
<td>CS351</td>
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**Aims**

This module covers computing in the cloud. Unlike traditional computing, this cloud computing model isn't PC-centric, it is document-centric. Students will learn about the programming necessary for supporting transactional web applications in the cloud -- mission-critical activities that include customer orders and payments.

**Learning outcomes**

**Knowledge**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- Evaluate cloud computing technologies (1)
- Determine cloud computing components (2)
- Assess cloud infrastructure and tools (3)
- Criticize enterprise web application using cloud computing (4)

**Skills**

This module will call for the successful student to:

- Contrast cloud services (5)
- Develop cloud services (6)
- Select an existing virtualization infrastructure (7)
- Develop N-Tier web application (8)

**Syllabus**

- Overview of Distributed Computing
- Introduction to Cloud Computing
- Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)
- Platform as a Service (PaaS)
- Software as a Service (SaaS)
- Cloud issues and challenges

**Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy**

Weekly lectures: to introduce the theoretical concepts of the course subjects.
Weekly tutorials: to discuss the solution of the weekly homework assignments.
Weekly computer laboratory to develop programmes implementing some operating systems functions.
Team Projects: The student works as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to build one or more functions of a real operating system.
Class presentations: The student is assigned a specific subject to investigate in depth and make a presentation on it in class.

**Assessment**
- Unseen examinations: exam questions are divided equally between assessing the student understanding of the concepts outlined in the knowledge outcomes and their problem solving abilities in that subject as outlined in the skills outcomes.
- Lab work: The students are expected to use a suitable programming language to apply the concepts learned in the course. They are also expected to do a group project of sizable programming task to assess their practical skills.

Assessment Weights

Lab weekly progress to assess (L.O. 3, 4, 5, 6, 8)
Project defence to assess (L.O. 2, 4, 6, 8)

Assessment Weights
Coursework 40%
Unseen Examinations 60%

**Learning Material**
Reference Text:

Supplementary Readings:
CS382 Web Content Management

Module Code: CS382
Module Title: Web Content Management
Level: 3
Credit Points: 3
Module Leader: Prof. Ali El-Bastawissy
Prerequisites: CS215

Aims
This module aims to provide the student with an understanding of the web content management system (WCMS or Web CMS). Students will learn how to create such a system to manage and control a large, dynamic collection of Web material. They will also learn how to develop modules to incorporate them in the designated system.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
- Evaluate different web content management systems (1)
- Analyze the best practice to develop modules (2)
- Create a web content management system (3)
- Implement SOA in creating CMS (4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Contrast different types of web content management systems based upon objectives, tools and techniques (5)
- Assess implementing new modules for existing CMS (6)
- Contrast different techniques to develop CMS (7)
- Evaluate the use of SOA in developing CMS (8)

Syllabus
- Web content management systems – open source and others
- Content types and significance
- Modules development techniques
- Development and implementation of themes
- CMS tools and techniques
- Client-side, server-side and SOA for the CMS
- Publishing the CMS

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategies
Weekly lectures: to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects.
Weekly computer laboratory: to develop a content management system.
Team Projects The student will work as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to a real world problem. The subject of the project will be chosen to reflect web content management system.
**Assessment**
Two unseen exams: several questions to assess the student knowledge and understanding (L.O. 1, 2, 6, 7, 8)
Course work: composed of Assignments, Lab work and team project:
   - Lab weekly progress to assess (L.O. 3, 4, 6, 7)
   - Project defence to assess (L.O. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)

Assessment weighting
- Coursework 40%
- Unseen Examinations 60%

**Learning Material**
Essential

Supplementary Readings
Aims
This module serves as an alternative/professional approach of web programming. The student will learn the server-side aspects and web multimedia programming. The topics will cover different server-based techniques and their applications in real world. Emphasis will be made on object-oriented programming and the use of classes in web applications.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
• Evaluate web programming languages used on the server side (1)
• Implement server-side programming tools and techniques (2)
• Assess the use of class libraries (3)
• Create web applications using client-side and server-side techniques(4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
• Assess server-side technologies in building web pages (5)
• Develop interactive web pages using server-side techniques (6)
• Select classes and apply design patterns (7)
• Evaluate the server-side techniques such as PHP, Ajax and XML, ASP.NET, ADO.NET to develop web applications (8)

Syllabus
• Client frameworks such as Ajax and Server-side programming languages
• Integrating server-side technologies with client-side techniques
• Interactive web pages
• Web multimedia standards using SMIL
• Web multimedia technologies such as Flash and Silverlight
• The use of design patterns
• Semantic Web technologies
• RDF (Resource Description Framework)
• Creating an integrated web Application

Learning Teaching and Assessment Strategies
Weekly lectures to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects.
Weekly computer laboratory to develop server-side web programming techniques.
Team Projects The student will work as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to a real world problem. The subject of the project will be chosen to reflect server-side web programming.

**Assessment**

Unseen exams: Two unseen exams several questions to assess the student knowledge and understanding (L.O. 2, 3, 5, 7)

Course work: Composed of Assignments, Lab work and team project:

Lab weekly progress to assess (L.O. 1, 3, 4, 6, 7)

Project defence to assess (L.O. 4, 6, 7, 8)

Assessment Weighting:
- Unseen Examinations 60%
- Coursework 40%

**Learning Material**

Reference Text

Supplementary Readings
- APRESS

Useful websites
- [http://www.w3schools.com/](http://www.w3schools.com/)
- [http://tutorialspoint.com/](http://tutorialspoint.com/)
CS385 Web Engineering

Module Code: CS385
Module Title: Web Engineering
Level: 3
Credit Points: 3
Module Leader: Dr. Moustafa M. Elazhary
Prerequisites: CS341

Aims
This module aims to provide the student with an understanding of an agile and adaptable approach to the development of next generation Web Apps-systems that are more complex, more functional, and more significant than any that exist today. It discusses a pragmatic process for engineering web-based systems and applications. It covers the technical methods that will lead to high quality Web Apps produced in a minimum of time and the tools needed to implement a web engineering process within the organization.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
- Analyze the web engineering process and the web engineering best practices (1)
- Create the planning activities (2)
- Implement the construction and deployment activities (3)
- Develop using different types of techniques and tools including application frameworks (4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Analyze the best practice for a company’s web presence (5)
- Design and develop interactive websites using application framework tools and techniques (6)
- Assess the web application (7)
- Test and criticize the performance of a developed website on the Internet and the need to have a scalable solution (8)

Syllabus
- Requirements engineering for web applications
- Modelling web applications
- Web application architectures
- Technologies for web applications
- The web application development process
- Testing web applications
- Customization and development of themes for application framework
- Development of new modules for application framework

Learning Teaching and Assessment Strategies
Weekly lectures to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects.
Weekly computer laboratory to design, develop and modify websites using application framework tools and techniques.
Team Projects The student will work as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to a real world problem. The subject of the project will be chosen to reflect engineering web applications.

**Assessment**

Two unseen exams several questions to assess the student knowledge and understanding (L.O. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

Assignments, Lab work and team project:
Lab weekly progress to assess (L.O. 6, 7, 8)
Project defence to assess (L.O. 3, 6, 7, 8)

Assessment Weighting
- Unseen Examinations 60%
- Coursework 40%

**Learning Material**

Reference Text

Supplementary Readings:
CS401 Computer Security

Module Code: CS401
Module Title: Computer Security
Level: 4
Credit points: 3
Module Leader: Tarek Makladi
Pre-requisite: CS351

Aims
This module addresses the problem of securing computer systems. Different levels of computer threats and different authentication methods are studied. Ciphering and cryptographic techniques are studied to create secure algorithms. In addition, web security is introduced for the student to be aware of the different security techniques used at present.

Learning outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- Characterize ciphering and cryptology. (1)
- Illustrate the concepts of Hash Function, Message Digest and Message Authentication Code. (2)
- Discriminate between different authentication methods used for access control in computer systems. (3)
- Discriminate between different layers of security. (4)
- Illustrate the concepts of Internet Firewall. (5)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:

- Apply key management techniques. (6)
- Propose, apply and evaluate security, privacy and integrity policies for a system. (7)
- Choose and implement the appropriate ciphering and cryptographic techniques. (8)
- Implement different authentication methods. (9)

Syllabus

- Symmetric Block Ciphers (Ch. 3)
- Hash Function, Message Digest and Message Authentication Code (Ch. 4)
- Asymmetric Public-key Cryptosystems. (Ch. 5)
- Public-key Infrastructure. (Ch. 6)
- Network Layer Security. (Ch. 7)
- Transport Layer Security: SSLv3 and TLSv1. (Ch. 8)
- Electronic Mail Security: PGP, S/MIME. (Ch. 9)
- Internet Firewalls for Trusted Systems. (Ch. 10)

Assessment:
Unseen examinations: The exams will be divided between testing the student knowledge outcomes.(L.O.2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8)

Lab work: Lab work will be assessed on the student’s ability to use software, design, build and debug the built systems and meet the deadlines.(L.O. 2, 3, 7, 8)

Weekly assignments are exercises on the topics introduced in the lectures and the students will be asked to hand in their solutions. (L.O.1, 4, 5, 7, 9)

Assessment Weighting

- Unseen examinations 60%
  - Final Exam 40%
  - Mid-Term Exam 20%

- Coursework: 40%
  - Lab work 15%
  - Assignments 05%
  - Quizzes 10%
  - Final Project 10%

Learning materials

Essential


Recommended


Software Requirements

- VC++, Java

Useful Websites

- www.rfc.org
CS405x Graduation Project I

Module Code: CS405x
Module Title: Graduation Project I
Level: 4
Credit points: 3
Module Leader: Prof. Ali El-Bastawissy
Pre-requisite: Senior Standing

Aims
The Graduation Project is designed to give the student the industry experience of working as part of a group of programmers or computer professionals developing an IT project. The aim of the graduation project is to allow the student to work individually and with a group to acquire new knowledge independently and apply the knowledge and skills he learned in a real life project such as: systems, prototypes , embedded systems, network based systems, games, application software, etc.

GP is a two-courses project (CS405 and CS406) taken in two successive semesters, in the first course, the student chooses a project subject, and prepares the project proposal including the detailed objective expected outcome. They also do the literature search and the design work for the project. They should present the project interim report at the end of the semester.
A complete description of the project requirement, procedures, and assessment scheme is detailed in the MSA Graduation Project Handbook.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
- Identify and select a challenging idea for the project that is related to current state of the art in the computing field. (1)
- Independently research the underlying theory and practices relevant to the chosen project. (2)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Transform real world user and domain requirements into well-defined, doable and manageable project specifications. (3)
- Develop, build and test quality software. (4)
- Apply the organization and communication skills required to work as member of a project team such as running meetings, making collective decisions, time and people management, writing reports, and giving presentations. (5)
- Apply the principals and practices of software engineering and project management learned during the student course of study. (6)
- Prepare professional system documentation and technical reports. (7)

Syllabus
There is no specific syllabus for the graduation project modules (CS405, CS406), but in CS405 the student is expected to carry out the following tasks:
- Form a group of 1-3 students (if required)
- Choose a subject, research it and submit a proposal
- Do the preliminary literature survey, analysis and design work and start building the project (if
- Prepare and submit the interim report at the end of the semester.
- Represent their project ideas and execution methodology.

**Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy**

Students in CS405 (The first step of producing final graduation project) are divided into groups; each group is assigned a supervisor. The students will have regular weekly meetings with their supervisor to present and discuss their progress. The supervisor might give the students few informal orientation lectures to clarify the project implementation procedures, project management practical skills and writing and presentation skills.

The students submit weekly progress reports for comments and approval by their supervisor and the project module leader (usually the dean of the faculty or the chairman of the Department).

Laboratory and library facilities are provided for the students to work independently. They are expected to compile an individual project portfolio for each student work. At the end of the semester the students submit a group interim report.

**Assessment**

A detailed assessment scheme is devised for the project modules it is detailed in The MSA Graduation Project Handbook.

If the student completes the requirements of CS405 he receives “I” grade (incomplete) pending the completion of the project.

If the student work is not satisfactory he may be asked to re-register for CT405.

The supervisor records the student’s performance in CS405 in respect to the criteria listed in the Handbook such as continuous progress, independent work, etc. These records are taken into consideration when evaluating the project at the end of CS406.

**Assessment Weighting**

Project defence and Documentation ……100 %

**Learning materials**

Essential
- Varied

Recommended
CS406 Graduation Project II

Module Code: CS406  
Module Title: Graduation Project II  
Level: 4  
Credit points: 4  
Module Leader: Prof. Ali El-Bastawissy  
Pre-requisite: CS405x

Aims
The Graduation Project is designed to give the student the industry experience of working as part of a group of programmers or computer professionals developing an IT project. The aim of the graduation project is to allow the student to work individually and with a group to acquire new knowledge independently and apply the knowledge and skills he learned in a real life project such as: systems, prototypes, embedded systems, network based systems, games, application software, etc.

GP is a two courses project (CS405 and CS406) taken in two successive semesters, in the first course, the student chooses a project subject, and prepares the project proposal including the detailed objective expected outcome. They also do the literature search and the design work for the project. They should present the project interim report at the end of the semester.

A complete description of the project requirement, procedures, and assessment scheme is detailed in the MSA Graduation Project Handbook.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- Identify and select a challenging idea for the project that is related to current state of the art to the computing field (1)
- Independently research the underlying theory and practices relevant to the chosen project (2)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:

- Transform real world user and domain requirements into well-defined, doable and manageable project specifications.(3)
- Develop, build and test quality software (4)
- Apply the organization and communication skills required to work as member of a project team such as running meetings, making collective decisions, time and people management, writing reports, and giving presentations.(5)
- Apply the principals and practices of software engineering and project management learned during the student course of study.(6)
- Prepare professional system documentation.(7)

Syllabus
There is no specific syllabus for the graduation project modules (CS405, CS406), but in CS405 the student was expected to carry out the following tasks:

- Form a group of 1-3 students(if required)
- Choose a subject, research it and submit a proposal
- Do the preliminary literature search, analysis and design work and start building the project (if
applicable)

- Prepare and submit the interim report at the end of the semester. In CS405x, the project team perform a project execution plan in which time, responsibilities, and activities are determined. So, project execution work is broken into sets of individual tasks.

In CS406, the individual student is then expected to carry out the following tasks:
- Do the in depth study for the individual tasks
- Write, test, run the programmes.
- Test and run the complete project and get the outcomes
- Prepare and submit the technical report concerning the project and the individual achieved tasks.
- Present the project concepts, methodologies and individual achieved tasks.

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy
Students in CS406 (The completion of the final graduation project) have to complete the development and testing of their project then complete the project final report. The students will continue to have regular weekly meetings with their supervisor and submit weekly progress reports. The students may consult the faculty of language technical writing consultation unit on writing styles, etc.

Laboratory and library facilities are provided for the students to work independently. They are expected to compile an individual project portfolio for each student work.

Final Report: At the end of the semester, each individual student submits his final project report for evaluation by the project supervisor and the project module leader. The individual project report includes the interim report of CS405x, and the individual student work achieved during CS406.

Project defense: Each student has to submit his completed project to a defense committee composed of an external examiner and several of the faculty members of the MSA. The defense consists of a formal presentation, a comprehensive demo of the project and discussion. The defense is an open event where any attending staff or students can discuss the project with the project group.

Assessment
A rubric of the detailed assessment scheme is devised for the project modules. It is detailed in the MSA Graduation Project Handbook.

The project has to be completed and works properly. If the project is not working properly, the group/student will be asked to re-register for CS406 to get a working project.

The supervisor records the student’s performance in CS406 in respect to the criteria listed in the MSA’s Graduation Project Handbook.

The defence committee will evaluate each student individually according to the assessment scheme. The two assessments will be then combined to structure the student final grade.

It is understood that some assessment criteria is best assessed by the supervisor based on continuous monitoring of the students along the course of executing the project, while others can be assessed by the committee. This is taken into consideration in the calculation of the final grade.

Assessment Weighting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Course Work (By supervisor and module leader)</th>
<th>……… 40 %</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project defence and Documentation (By the committee)</td>
<td>……… 60 %</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Learning materials

- Essential
- Varied
- Recommended

CS425 Service-Oriented Computing

Module Code: CS425
Module Title: Service-Oriented Computing
Level: 4
Credit Points: 3
Module Leader: Dr. Moustafa M. Elazhary
Prerequisites: CS384

Aims
This module aims to provide the student with an understanding of the service-oriented architecture and definition of conceptual services and service blueprints as well as SOA methodology and lifecycles. Students will assemble application components into a network of services to create flexible, dynamic business processes and agile applications across organizations and computing platforms.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module the successful student will be able to:
- Evaluate service oriented architecture and service delivery lifecycle (1)
- Contrast service-oriented technology concepts (2)
- Criticize service-oriented architectural model (3)
- Implement service-oriented technology languages (4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Contrast component-based architecture with web services (5)
- Assess the unique dynamics that constitute service-oriented solution logic (6)
- Design your services (7)
- Develop service-oriented application using programming languages such as Java and .Net (8)

Syllabus
- Fundamental SOA & service-oriented computing
- Service delivery lifecycle
- Basic WSDL and SOAP concepts plus UDDI, Discovery and Service registries
- Basic REST Service Concepts and Patterns
- The service-oriented architectural model
- The service-orientation design paradigm and related principles
- Fundamental language elements for XML Schema and SOAP
- Creating service-oriented web application

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategies
Weekly lectures: to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects.
Weekly computer laboratory: to develop a service-oriented application.
Team Projects The student will work as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to a real world problem. The subject of the project will be chosen to reflect service-oriented computing.
Assessment
Two unseen exams several questions to assess the student knowledge and understanding (L.O. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7)

Assignments, Lab work and team project:
Lab weekly progress to assess (L.O. 2, 4, 6, 7, 8)
Project defence to assess (L.O. 3, 5, 7, 8)

Assessment Pattern
• Coursework  40%
• Unseen Examinations  60%

Learning Material
Reference Text

Supplementary Readings
CS465 Software Project Management

Module Code: CS465  
Module Title: Software Project Management  
Level: 4  
Credit points: 3  
Module Leader: Dr. Moustafa Elazhary  
Pre-requisite: CS314

Aims
This module provides a comprehensive coverage of the areas of software project management. Several management aspects are covered such as risk identification and management, and quality management. Testing strategies are also covered. Using automated tools is stressed throughout the course. Upon completion of this course, a thorough understanding of above mentioned areas, and the ability to plan and control a software development project using automated application tools should be gained by the students.

Learning outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- Evaluate project management techniques such as SDLC and Agile.(1)
- Analyze the details of building a WBS and user stories for software projects (2)
- Implement the required resources, assign them to activities and estimate their cost and cost tradeoffs.(3)
- Assess a given project risks and plan methods for risk management responses.(4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:

- Professionally manage a software development project.(5)
- Develop software project plan.(6)
- Implement the software project plan in a real project.(7)
- Monitor and control the software development project.(8)

Syllabus
- The nature of a project: project definition, goals and scope
- Definition of project management: lifecycle, quality and risk
- Project planning: activities; work breakdown structure (WBS), estimating activities’ duration, resources and cost
- Resources Estimation.
- Project scheduling: Project network diagram, levelling resources
- Controlling and monitoring projects: progress reporting and evaluation and controlling change
- Managing risk and quality
- Application to information systems

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy
Weekly lectures to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects
Weekly tutorials to discuss the solution of the weekly homework assignments
Weekly computer laboratory to use automated project management tools to apply the course concepts to given project-case-studies. Students will also simulate analysis and programming tasks to train on estimating task duration and cost.

Team Projects The student will work as a member of project team to build a moderate size software project. The project will use previously learned programming languages and software development methodologies. It will stress the identification and utilization of the project management techniques for planning and then monitoring the implementation of the project.

Assessment
- The examination questions will be divided equally between testing the student understanding of the concepts introduced (knowledge outcomes) and the applications of this knowledge to practical cases (skills outcomes).
- In class exam (outcomes 1,2,3 & 4)
- Lab work: The students are expected to do weekly individual computerized assignment applying the project management concepts learned in case studies to assess the skills outcome mentioned above. (outcomes 5,6,7 & 8)
- Group project: The students are expected to participate in a group project to apply and assess the skills outcomes in sizable assignment. The projects will be judged on the basis of good and accurate planning, project documentation, and the student ability to identify risk and quality issues of their projects. Nevertheless, all projects should be presented. Outcomes. 1,2,3, 4, 5,6, 7 & 8)

Assessment Weighting
- Unseen examinations %60
- Coursework %40
  - Two Lab work assignment %10
  - Two in class exams %10
  - Project defence to assess %20

Learning materials
Software Requirements
- Primavera or MS-Project
Useful Websites
- http://www.comp.glam.ac.uk/pages/staff/dwfarthi/projman.htm
- http://www.systemcorp.com/
Essential
Supplementary Readings
CS475 Data Mining

Module Code: CS475
Module Title: Data Mining
Level: 4
Credit points: 3
Module Leader: Dr. Ismail H. A. Fattah
Pre-requisite: MTH204

Aims
This module emphasizes the concept of Data mining. It aims to analyse large volumes of data and pick out relevant information for decision making. The student will be able to understand basic data mining concepts and principles, in addition to analyzing large databases using the appropriate software.

Learning outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
- Demonstrate the common data mining techniques. (1)
- Illustrate the use and expected outcomes of applying data mining to different data sets. (2)
- Demonstrate the theory and algorithms used in data mining models (3)
- Compare/ contrast different inference mechanisms to extract the relevant information to assist in decision-making on the basis of patterns and expectations resulting from the data collected (3)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Analyse large volumes of data using such technologies as: Machine learning, Statistics, Pattern Recognition, Artificial Intelligence, and Database Systems. (3)
- Develop appropriate models for data mining (4)

Syllabus
- Decision Tree Construction.
- Association Analysis.
- Clustering.
- Rule Induction.
- Bayesian Methods
- Dealing with Noise and Real-Valued Attributes.
- Data Mining from Very Large Databases.

Learning, Teaching and Assessment Strategy
Weekly lectures (3 hours per week): to introduce the basic ideas of the course subjects.
Weekly tutorials (1.5 hours per week): to discuss the solution of the weekly homework assignments.
Weekly computer laboratory (1.5 hours per week) to apply the concepts learned in the course.

Assessment Weighting
- Unseen Examination (L.O.. 2, 3, 5) 60%
- In Class Assessment (L.O.. 2, 3, 5) 20%
• Lab Project Assessment (L.O. 1, 4, 5, 6, 7) 20%

**Learning materials**

Reference Text


Supplementary Readings

- Ming-Syan Chen, Jiawei Han, and Philip Yu, Data Mining: An Overview from a Database Perspective, IEEE Transactions on Knowledge and Data Engineering, Volume 8, Number 6, December 1996.
- Usama Fayyad, Gregory Piatetsky-Shapiro, Padhric Smyth, and Ramasamy Uthurusamy, Advances in Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining, AAAI Press, 1996.
- Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber, Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Morgan Kaufmann, 2000.
CS476 Web Database Application

Module Code: CS476
Module Title: Web Database Application
Level: 4
Credit Points: 3
Module Leader: Dr. Moustafa M. Elazhary
Prerequisites: CS385

Aims
Students will learn how to exploit the conceptual modelling approach of software engineering, from idea to application. They will learn to harness the design technologies of relational databases for use on the web, and to transform their conceptual designs of data-intensive web applications into effective software components. The applicability of these techniques to structured and unstructured data intensive sites is important, as long as there is structured metadata associated with the unstructured data.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module the successful student will be able to:
- Evaluate database technologies and techniques for web applications (1)
- Implement the querying and reporting methodologies over the web (2)
- Design the data-intensive web application (3)
- Develop data-intensive web application (4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
- Analyze web database solutions (5)
- Formulate and contrast advanced SQL (6)
- Assess your database function (7)
- Compare a three-tier with single and two-tier web applications (8)

Syllabus
- Web database programming environment
- Web database programming technologies and techniques
- Writing stored procedures for the web application
- Web queries and reports
- Refactoring SQL Applications
- Database and XML
- Web database transaction processing
- Creating a three-tier web Application

Learning Teaching and Assessment Strategies
Weekly lectures to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects.
Weekly computer laboratory to develop data-based Web application.
Team Projects The student will work as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to a real world problem. The subject of the project will be chosen to reflect data-based web programming.

**Assessment**
Unseen exams: Two unseen exams several questions to assess the student knowledge and understanding (L.O. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6)
Course Work: composed of Assignments, Lab work and team project:
Lab weekly progress to assess (L.O. 2, 3, 5, 6, 7)
Project defence to assess (L.O. 3, 4, 5, 8)

Assessment Weighting
- Unseen Examinations 60%
- Coursework 40%

**Learning Material**
Reference Text

Supplementary Readings
Aims
This module introduces the field of human computer interaction with emphasis on its impact on software design. It provides the student with theories and models of the way users think and work to guide the students to best design the interface to suite users’ preferences. It provides an understanding of the underlying processes of human perception, information processing, and demonstrates their relevance to user interface design. Students will learn how to apply mechanisms such as feedback, user support, navigation aids and good screen design in constructing interface designs that match users’ needs. Students will also learn techniques for evaluating user interface designs that are grounded in theory.

Learning Outcomes
Knowledge
On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:
• Differentiate between the different scientific fields involved in interaction design. (1)
• Illustrate the principles and the applications of ID design goals, usability goals, user experience etc. (2)
• Analyze how much the theories of how people communicate and work can influence the design of interactive systems. (3)
• Illustrate the different methodologies used in interface design and users involvement.(4)

Skills
This module will call for the successful student to:
• Select models that are appropriate to particular design problems and contexts and justify those choices. (5)
• Apply standard usability evaluation techniques to evaluate and critique designs from a usability perspective, and to propose improvements. (6)
• Design interactive systems that are usable and meet the users’ needs. (7)

Syllabus
• What is Interaction Design?
• Understanding and Conceptualizing Interaction
• Cognitive Aspects
• Interfaces and Interactions
• The Process of Interaction Design
• Design, Prototyping and Construction
• Design Evaluation: Usability Testing, Field Studies and Analytical Evaluation
Learning Teaching and Assessment Strategy
Weekly lectures to introduce the basic ideas of the course subjects
Weekly Lab & Tutorial: The students are given a series of exercises and case studies to allow them to practice HCI & ID subjects discussed in the lectures. Many of these cases involve evaluating existing applications and/or comparing websites and web applications.

Assessment
Assessment will be based on:
• two unseen exams: each composed of 2-3 questions and 1-2 case studies to assess the student ability to apply the module materials (L.O.. 1 to 7)
• Lab case studies: to assess (L.O. 3 to 7)

Assessment Weighting
• Unseen examinations 60%
• Coursework 40%

Learning materials
Essential
• Interaction Design: Beyond Human-Computer Interaction, 3rd ed. by Helen Sharp, Yvonne Rogers, and Jenny Preece, Wiley June 07, 2011

Recommended
• Designing Interactions by Bill Moggridge, The MIT Press, Oct 1, 2007
• Designing for Interaction: Creating Smart Applications and Clever Devices (VOICES) by Dan Saffer Peachpit Press, Jul 28, 2006
• The Design of Everyday Things by Donald A. Norman, Basic Books, Sep 17, 2002.
CS489 Semantic Web Programming

Module Code: CS489  
Module Title: Semantic Web Programming  
Level: 4  
Credit Points: 3  
Module Leader: Dr. Moustafa M. Elazhary  
Prerequisites: CS385

Aims
This module explains to the students how they can make use of semantic programming techniques to enrich and simplify web applications. It covers the common formats for integration and combination of data drawn from diverse sources, as well as the language for recording how the data relates to real world objects.

Learning Outcomes

Knowledge
On completion of this module the successful student will be able to:
- Analyse the semantic Web technologies (1)
- Discuss the languages used in semantic Web (2)
- Create semantic Web services (3)
- Create semantic Web Applications (4)

Skills
- Analyse the component technologies of the Semantic Web and explain their roles (5)
- Implement XML and RDF (Resource Description Framework) (6)
- Develop a web services application that “discovers” the data and/or other web services via the semantic web (7)
- Develop semantic Web applications to solve real-world problems (8)

Syllabus
- Semantic Web vision
- Semantic Web technologies
- RDF (Resource Description Framework)
- Web Ontology Language: OWL
- Logic and Inference: Rules
- Semantic Web service
- Ontology Engineering
- Creating a semantic Web application

Learning Teaching and Assessment Strategies
Weekly lectures to introduce the basic concepts of the course subjects  
Weekly computer laboratory to develop a semantic web application  
Team Projects The student will work as a member of project team to apply the concepts learned in the course to a real world problem. The subject of the project will be chosen to reflect semantic web programming.
**Assessment**
Two unseen exams several questions to assess the student knowledge and understanding (L.O. 1, 3, 5, 7)

Assignments, Lab work and team project:
- Lab weekly progress to assess (L.O. 2, 4, 5, 6, 8)
- Project defence to assess (L.O. 2, 4, 6, 7, 8)

**Assessment Weighting**
- Unseen Examinations 60%
- Coursework 40%

**Learning Material**

Reference Text

Supplementary Readings